

Application No. : 09/890,366  
Filing Date : July 26, 2001  
Reply To Office  
Action Dated : November 23, 2004

### Amendments To The Claims

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application. The listing of claims present each claim with its respective status shown in parentheses. Only those claims being amended herein show their changes in highlighted form, i.e., insertions appear as underlined text (e.g., insertions) while deletions appear as strikethrough text (e.g., ~~deletions~~) or double-bracketed text (e.g., [[deletions]]). All original claims and previously presented claims appear as clean text.

In the following list, Claim 1 and 12-14 are amended, Claims 6-8 are canceled, and Claims 15 and 16 are added.

1. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing fine particles, comprising the steps of:

supplying reactants into a flame produced by a burner;

generating particle nuclei by reactions of ~~from~~ the reactants in the flame;

forming aggregates including said particle nuclei by a collision and combination of said particle nuclei with each other in said flame;

irradiating at least one laser beam into ~~gas-borne~~ said aggregates so that said aggregates are fused, to thereby reduce a size of said aggregates into smaller fine particles; and

growing said fine particles;

wherein said laser beam is irradiated into the flame ~~where said aggregates start being formed~~, in a direction perpendicular to a direction in which said aggregates move.

2. (Canceled)

3. (Canceled)

4. (Canceled)

**Application No.** : 09/890,366  
**Filing Date** : July 26, 2001  
**Reply To Office**  
**Action Dated** : November 23, 2004

5. (Canceled)

6. (Canceled)

7. (Canceled)

8. (Canceled)

9. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein the fine particles are spherical.

10. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, wherein collision cross sections of said aggregates are greater than collision cross sections of the fine particles produced from said aggregates.

11. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 1, further comprising a step of controlling a phase of the fine particles by controlling a power of the laser beam.

12. (Currently Amended) A method of manufacturing nanoparticles comprising:

supplying reactants into a flame produced by a burner;

generating particle nuclei by reactions of the reactants in the flame;

forming aggregates including pluralities of said particle nuclei by collision and combination of said pluralities of said particle nuclei with each other in said flame; and

irradiating at least one laser beam onto said aggregates in the flame at a position below the top of the flame so as to fuse said aggregates in the flame, and such that the fused aggregates flow past of the laser beam and continue to collide with ~~at least one of~~ other aggregates and particle nuclei in the flame after leaving the laser beam.

13. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 12 additionally comprising collecting the fused aggregates onto a member above the flame.

**Application No.** : 09/890,366  
**Filing Date** : July 26, 2001  
**Reply To Office**  
**Action Dated** : November 23, 2004

14. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 13, wherein the step of irradiating comprises directing the laser such that the laser beam does not intersect ~~the~~ a position at which said fused aggregates collect on the member.

15. (New) method according to claim 1, wherein said laser beam is irradiated into the flame where said aggregates start being formed.

16. (New) method according to claim 1, wherein said laser beam is irradiated into the flame at an early initial aggregation stage.